

# Aleksei Yurievich Krivoruchko

## Sąrašas

Tipas	Individas	
Lytis	Vyras	
Sąrašo pavadinimas	Jungtinė Karalystė	
Programos (1)	Chemical Weapons	
Įtraukimo į sąrašą data (1)	15.10.2020	

## Vardai/Pavadinimai (3)

Pavardė/Vardas	Krivoruchko
Vardas/Pavadinimas	Aleksei
Antrasis vardas/Vardas	Yurievich
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Aleksei Yurievich Krivoruchko
Tipas	Vardas
Apibūdinimas	Deputy Minister of Defence of the Russian Federation
Pavardė/Vardas	Krivoruchko
Vardas/Pavadinimas	Alexei
Antrasis vardas/Vardas	Yurievich
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Alexei Yurievich Krivoruchko
Tipas	Žodžio variacija
Apibūdinimas	Deputy Minister of Defence of the Russian Federation
Pavardė/Vardas	Krivoruchko
Vardas/Pavadinimas	Alexey
Antrasis vardas/Vardas	Yurievich
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Alexey Yurievich Krivoruchko
Tipas	Žodžio variacija
Apibūdinimas	Deputy Minister of Defence of the Russian Federation

Tautybės (1)

#### Gimimo data (1)

Gimimo data	1975-07-17
Vieta	Stavropol
Šalis	Rusija

## Pateisinimas (2)

Aleksei Krivoruchko is the Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Defence of the Russian Federation. In this capacity, he has overall responsibility for armaments. This includes the oversight of the Ministry's stocks of weapons and military equipment. This includes the oversight of the Ministry's stocks of weapons and military equipment. The Russian Ministry of Defence took on the responsibility for the chemical weapons stocks inherited from the Soviet Union and their safe storage until their destruction could be completed. The Russian Ministry of Defence has overall responsibility for the safe storage and destruction of chemical weapons. Russian opposition leader Alexey Navalny was the victim of an attempted assassination during his August 2020 visit to Siberia, in which a chemical weapon - a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group - was used. Given the use of such chemical weapons in the territory of the Russian Federation and the evidence of the continued involvement of the Russian MoD in the Novichok programme, this could only be on account of intent by the Ministry of Defence and its political leadership. Russia had the technical capability to carry out the attack. The Russian State has previously produced Novichoks and would still be capable of doing so. Within the last decade, Russia has produced and stockpiled small quantities of Novichok. It is unlikely that Novichoks could be made and deployed by non-state actors (e.g. a criminal or terrorist group). Russia had the operational experience to carry out the attack. Russia has a proven record of state-sponsored assassination. It is highly likely that the Russian state was responsible for the attempted assassination of Sergei Skripal in Salisbury in 2018 using a similar type of nerve agent. During the 2000s, Russia commenced a programme to test means of delivering chemical warfare agents, including investigation of ways of delivering nerve agents. Russia had the motive and opportunity to carry out the attack. Navalny was a high profile Russian opposition politician who vocally criticised the Russian administration and establishment. He was on Russian territory under surveillance by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation at the time of the attack. Given Aleksei Krivoruchko's senior role in the Russian military, the evidence suggests that he is responsible for the preparation and use of chemical weapons in the attempted assassination of Alexey Navalny.

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#### Istorinė data

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Pavardė/Vardas	Krivoruchko
Vardas/Pavadinimas	Aleksei
Antrasis vardas/Vardas	Yurievich
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Krivoruchko Aleksei Yurievich
Tipas	Pagrindinis slapyvardis
Apibūdinimas	Deputy Minister of Defence of the Russian Federation

## Vardai/Pavadinimai (1)

## Tautybės (1)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Šalis	Rusija

# Gimimo data (1)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Gimimo data	1975-07-17
Vieta	Stavropol
Šalis	Rusija

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Kataloge pateikiami subjektai, įtraukti į Latvijos, Jungtinių Tautų, Europos Sąjungos, Jungtinės Karalystės, JAV iždo Užsienio turto kontrolės biuro (OFAC) ir Kanados sankcijų sąrašus.