

Cyber Police

Sąrašas

Tipas	Organizacija
Sąrašo pavadinimas	Jungtinė Karalystė
Programos (2)	Iran Iran (Human Rights) Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16:44)
Ištraukimo į sąrašą data (1)	12.03.2013

Vardai/Pavadinimai (4)

Pavardė/Vardas	Cyber Police
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Cyber Police
Tipas	Vardas

Pavardė/Vardas	FATA'Iranian Cyber Police
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	FATA'Iranian Cyber Police
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	مرکز به جرایم سازمان یافته - دفتر جرم و جنایت سایبر را مورد تحقیق قرار دهید
Tipas	Ne lotyniškas raštas

Pavardė/Vardas	CP
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	CP
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Adresai (1)

Šalis	Iranas
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Asmens tapatybę patvirtinantys dokumentai (3)

Tipas	Email Address: webmaster@cyberpolice.ir
Tipas	Entity Type: Enterprise - Police Agency
Tipas	Website: (1) http://cyber.police.ir/ (2) www.gerdab.ir

Pateisinimas (3)

The Iranian Cyber Police, founded in January 2011, is a unit of the Islamic Republic of Iran Police, which at the time of its inception until early 2015 was headed by Esmail Ahmadi-Moqaddam (listed). Ahmadi-Moqaddam underlined that the Cyber Police would take on anti-revolutionary and dissident groups who used internet-based social networks in 2009 to trigger protests against the re-election of President Mahmoud Ahmadinejad. In January 2012, the Cyber Police issued new guidelines for internet cafés, requiring users to provide personal information that would be kept by café owners for six months, as well as a record of the websites they visited. The rules also require café owners to install closed-circuit television cameras and maintain the recordings for six months. These new rules may create a logbook that authorities can use to track down activists or whoever is deemed a threat to national security. In June 2012, Iranian media reported that the Cyber Police would be launching a crackdown on virtual private networks (VPNs). On 30 October 2012, the Cyber Police arrested the blogger Sattar Beheshti without a warrant for 'actions against national security on social networks and Facebook'. Beheshti had criticised the Iranian government in his blog. Beheshti was found dead in his prison cell on 3 November 2012, and is believed to have been tortured to death by the Cyber Police authorities.

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Istorinė data

Vardai/Pavadinimai (5)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Pavardė/Vardas	Cyber Police
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Cyber Police
Tipas	Pagrindinis slapyvardis

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Pavardė/Vardas	FATA` Iranian Cyber Police
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	FATA` Iranian Cyber Police
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 29.01.2022 05:15)
Pavardė/Vardas	Center to Investigate Organised Crime
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Center to Investigate Organised Crime
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 29.01.2022 05:15)
Pavardė/Vardas	Fata` Iranian Cyber Police
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	Fata` Iranian Cyber Police
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Pavardė/Vardas	CP
Visas vardas/Pavadinimas	CP
Tipas	AKA (taip pat žinomas kaip)

Adresai (1)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Šalis	Iranas
Pilnas adresas	Police Headquarter Attar street Vanak Sq Tehran Iran

Asmens tapatybę patvirtinantys dokumentai (4)

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Tipas	Website: (1) http://cyber.police.ir/ (2) www.gerdab.ir .

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Tipas	Org Type: Enterprise - Police Agency

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 28.02.2022 05:16)
Tipas	Email Address: webmaster@cyberpolice.ir .

Statusas	Istorinis (paskutinį kartą aktyvus 29.01.2022 05:15)
Tipas	Website: http://cyber.police.ir/ , www.gerdab.ir .

Atkurta: 30.04.2025. 12:16

Tekstas buvo išverstas mašininio vertimo pagalba

Kataloge pateikiami subjektai, įtraukti į Latvijos, Jungtinių Tautų, Europos Sąjungos, Jungtinės Karalystės, JAV išdo Užsienio turto kontrolės biuro (OFAC) ir Kanados sankcijų sąrašus.